LABELLING OF LEUKOTRIENES WITH ISOTOPES (14 C, 2 H, 3 H) OR WITH A NON ISOTOPICALLY LABELLED Fe(CO) $_3$ GROUP: SYNTHESES AND UTILISATIONS.

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Leukotrienes are important metabolites of arachidonic acid. We synthesized these compounds labelled with deuterium and tritium in their lipid part from suitable acetylenic precursors. Thus, we obtained LTA, LTC, LTD, and LTE, labelled in positions 11,412, 14 and 15. By another route, LTC, LTD, and LTE, were labelled with C in their peptide part, starting from the tripeptide glutathione [\(^{1}C-CO\)] (both natural form and distereoisomer were obtained). We also synthesized leukotrienes \(^{1}abelled\) with a non isotopic iron tricarbonyl Fe(CO), group. Tritium and C labelled leukotrienes were used in metabolism studies, deuterated leukotrienes as internal standards in mass spectrometry and leukotrienes-iron tricarbonyl complexes as infrared markers for in vitro assays.

THE SYNTHESIS OF CARBON-14 LABELLED MUPIROCIN

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Mupirocin (formally known as pseudomonic acid A) is a novel antibiotic produced by a strain of <u>Pseudomonas fluorescens</u>. Mupirocin contains a 9-hydroxynonanoic acid residue joined via an α,β -unsaturated ester linkage to a highly functionalised carbon-chain (monic acid). In order to investigate the metabolic fate of mupirocin it was necessary to separately label mupirocin with carbon-14 in the 2 and 9' positions. The synthesis of $[2^{-14}C]$ mupirocin from triethyl phosphono[$2^{-14}C$] acetate and $[9'^{-14}C]$ mupirocin from potassium $[^{14}C]$ cyanide are described. Also described is the preparation of $[2^{-14}C]$ monic acid and its associated rearrangement products which are formed under acidic conditions.